

RPMI-1640

With L-Glutamine

Without Folic acid and Sodium bicarbonate

Product Code: AT028F

Product Description :

Roswell Park Memorial Institute (RPMI) media are a series of media developed by Moore et al for the culture of human normal and neoplastic cells in vitro. RPMI 1640 is the most commonly used medium in the series. A modification of McCoy's 5A medium, the medium was specifically designed to support the growth of human lymphoblastoid cells in suspension culture. Presently the medium is extensively used for a wide range of anchorage dependant cell lines. The medium needs to be supplemented with 5-20% fetal bovine serum. The medium is also known to support growth of cells in the absence of serum.

AT028F is RPMI-1640 with L-glutamine and is devoid of folic acid. Users are advised to review the literature for recommendations regarding medium supplementation and physiological growth requirements specific for different cell lines.

Composition :

Ingredients	mg/L
INORGANIC SALTS	
Calcium nitrate tetrahydrate	100.000
Disodium hydrogen phosphate anhydrous	800.000
Magnesium sulphate anhydrous	48.840
Potassium chloride	400.000
Sodium chloride	6000.000
AMINO ACIDS	
Glycine	10.000
L-Arginine hydrochloride	241.000
L-Asparagine monohydrate	50.000
L-Aspartic acid	20.000
L-Cystine dihydrochloride	65.200
L-Glutamic acid	20.000
L-Glutamine	300.000
L-Histidine hydrochloride monohydrate	20.960
L-Hydroxyproline	20.000
L-Isoleucine	50.000
L-Leucine	50.000

L-Lysine hydrochloride L-	40.000
Methionine	15.000
L-Phenylalanine	15.000
L-Proline	20.000
L-Serine	30.000
L-Threonine	20.000
L-Tryptophan	5.000
L-Tyrosine disodium salt dihydrate	28.830
L-Valine	20.000
VITAMINS	
Choline chloride	3.000
D-Biotin	0.200
D-Ca-Pantothenate	0.250
Niacinamide	1.000
Pyridoxine hydrochloride	1.000
Riboflavin	0.200
Thiamine hydrochloride	1.000
Vitamin B12	0.005
i-Inositol	35.000
p-Amino benzoic acid (PABA)	1.000
OTHERS	
D-Glucose	2000.000
Glutathione reduced	1.000
Phenol red sodium salt	5.300

Directions :

1. Suspend 10.4gms in 900ml tissue culture grade water with constant, gentle stirring until the powder is completely dissolved. Do not heat the water.
2. It may be necessary to lower the pH to 4.0 with 1N HCl to completely dissolve this product. After it has dissolved completely, the pH can be raised to 7.2 with 1N NaOH prior to the addition of sodium bicarbonate
3. Add 2.0gms of sodium bicarbonate powder (TC230) or 26.7ml of 7.5% Sodium bicarbonate solution (TCL013) for 1 litre of medium and stir until dissolved.
4. Adjust the pH to 0.2-0.3 pH units below the desired pH using 1N HCl or 1N NaOH since the pH tends to rise during filtration.
5. Make up the final volume to 1000ml with tissue culture grade water.

6. Sterilize the medium immediately by filtering through a sterile membrane filter with a porosity of 0.22 micron or less, using positive pressure rather than vacuum to minimize the loss of carbon dioxide.
7. Aseptically add sterile supplements as required and dispense the desired amount of sterile medium into sterile containers.
8. Store liquid medium at 2-8°C and in dark till use.

Material required but not provided :

Tissue culture grade water (TCL010)
Sodium bicarbonate (TC230)
Sodium bicarbonate solution, 7.5% (TCL013)
1N Hydrochloric acid (TCL003)
1N Sodium hydroxide (TCL002)
Foetal bovine serum (RM1112/RM10432)

Quality Control:

Appearance

White to light pink, homogenous powder

Solubility

Clear solution at 10.4gms/L.

pH without Sodium Bicarbonate

7.20 -7.80

pH with Sodium Bicarbonate

7.40 -8.00

Osmolality without Sodium Bicarbonate(mOsm/Kg H₂O)

230.00 -270.00

Osmolality with Sodium Bicarbonate(mOsm/Kg H₂O)

280.00 -320.00

Cultural Response

The growth promotion capacity of the medium is assessed qualitatively by analyzing the cells for the morphology and quantitatively by estimating the cell counts.

Endotoxin Content

NMT 1EU/ml

Storage and Shelf Life:

1. All the powdered media and prepared liquid culture media should be stored at 2-8°C. Use before the expiry date. In spite of above recommended storage condition, certain powdered medium may show some signs of deterioration /degradation

in certain instances. This can be indicated by change in colour, change in appearance and presence of particulate matter and haziness after dissolution.

2. Preparation of concentrated medium is not recommended since free base amino acids and salt complexes having low solubility may precipitate in concentrated medium.

3. pH and sodium bicarbonate concentration of the prepared medium are critical factors affecting cell growth. This is also influenced by amount of medium and volume of culture vessel used (surface to volume ratio). For example, in large bottles, such as Roux bottles pH tends to rise perceptibly as significant volume of carbon dioxide is released. Therefore, optimal conditions of pH, sodium bicarbonate concentration, surface to volume ratio.

4. If required, supplements can be added to the medium prior to or after filter sterilization observing sterility precautions. Shelf life of the medium will depend on the nature of supplement added to the medium.

Disclaimer :

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